

Math 241 Sample Problems for Final Exam

Question 1 Let $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin(2x - y)}{y}$.

- a) Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface $f(x, y)$ at the point when $(x, y) = (2, 1)$.
b) Let $z = g(x, y)$ and suppose that $x(t) = t^2 + 3t + 2$ and $y(t) = e^t + \sin(3t)$. Find $\left. \frac{dz}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$ if

$$\left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right|_{(1,2)} = 6, \left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right|_{(1,2)} = -2, \left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right|_{(2,1)} = -3, \left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right|_{(2,1)} = 8, \left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right|_{(0,0)} = 0, \left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right|_{(0,0)} = -4$$

Question 2 Let the temperature at a point (x, y) be given by

$$T(x, y) = \frac{xy}{(1 + x^2 + 2y^2)}$$

- a) Find the direction in which the temperature rises most rapidly at $(1, 2)$.
b) Find the directional derivative of T at the point $(1, 2)$ in the direction of the vector $\mathbf{v} = 5\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}$.

Question 3 Let $f(x, y) = 3x^2y + y^3 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2$.

- a) Find the critical points of $f(x, y)$.
b) Classify the critical points in part a) as a relative maximum, relative minimum or saddle point.

Question 4 Find the volume of the solid wedge cut from the cylinder $4x^2 + y^2 = 16$ below by the plane $z = 0$ and above by the plane $z = y$ by evaluating an appropriate double integral.

Question 5 Evaluate the double integral $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \int_y^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \frac{1}{(1+x^2+y^2)^{3/2}} dx dy$, by using polar coordinates.

Question 6 Express the triple integral: $\iiint_R \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} dy dz dx$ as an integral in spherical coordinates if R is the region bounded below by the paraboloid $2z = x^2 + y^2$, and above by the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 8$. This is a little tricky since you will need to use two triple integrals. DO NOT Evaluate the integrals!

Question 7 Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = (e^x \sin y - y)\mathbf{i} + (e^x \cos y - x - 2)\mathbf{j}$ be a vector field defined on \mathbb{R}^2 .

- a) Show that \mathbf{F} is a conservative vector field.
b) Evaluate the line integral $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where C is the path $\mathbf{r}(t) = (\ln(t+1) \cos(\sqrt{\pi} t))\mathbf{i} + (t^2 + \frac{1}{2}\pi)\mathbf{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$.

Question 8 Evaluate the line integral $\int_C (x + xy^2) dx + 2(x^2y - y^2 \sin y) dy$ where C is the path oriented counterclockwise enclosing the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 1$ and $x = 0$ by using Green's Theorem.

Question 9 Use the transformation $x = u^{2/3}v^{1/3}$, $y = u^{1/3}v^{2/3}$ to find

$$\iint_R \frac{x^2 \sin xy}{y} dA$$

where R is the triangular region bounded by the parabolas $x^2 = \frac{1}{2}\pi y$, $x^2 = \pi y$, $y^2 = \frac{1}{2}x$, $y^2 = x$.

Question 10 Something from 17.5 or later?